Inclusion Modification Chart

Choosing Appropriate Modifications

Areas of Functioning	Language problems: Students have difficulty with receptive (comprehension) and/or expressive (production) language	Learning Skills problems Students have attention problems difficulty learning independently, remembering information, and organizational skills suffer	Academic Difficulties Students with reading, writing, mathematical difficulties	Social Emotional Problems Students with low self-concepts. Difficulty with friendships, following directions, controlling anger and staying on task
Modifications Suggested	Relate new knowledge to student's prior knowledge.	Gain student attention/use verbal and nonverbal cues throughout the lesson.	Accompany oral directions with short, simple written directions and/or visual models (pictures)	Seat student close to teacher and positive peer models. Avoid distractions (noise).
	Preteach vocabulary. Use words in context	Provide outlines and visual organizers	Shorten assignments	Prepare student for transition
	Use direct, explicit instruction to teach skills/concepts	Repeat and restate main ideas.	Model examples more than once	Establish structure and periodically review class rules.
	Provide many varied examples	Relate material to student's experiences.	Make copies of notes, lab sheets in order to reduce the amount o reduce the amount o copying by the student.	Provide positive reinforcement. Catch students doing right and let them know it.
	Use precise vocabulary.	Communicate to all students that you believe they can learnand mean it.	Provide a working or reading partner	Use language that encourages appropriate behaviors: "I like when you"
	Highlight key words in visual and oral directions.	Make frequent checks for work/ assignment completion.	Build on student's prior knowledge using concrete concepts	Be visible, helpful and encouraging
	Allow processing time.	Have student check off each completed step.	Ask questions you know student can answer	Provide for movement during a lesson.
	Provide a model for the student to follow	Call student's name before asking a question	Vary criteria for success for individual needs	Reward more than punish to build self-esteem

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Adaptations and Modifications of Instruction

Technique	Presenting Information	Conducting Discussions	Learning Groups	Hands-on Lessons
Modification	Maintain student attention	Visually display points as they	Explain procedures the group will	Give purpose and expected
	throughout the lesson	are made	follow	outcome of experiment
			Give each student a	
	Be specific and direct when giving directions	Call student's name before	structured	Model procedures and allow
	and teaching skills/concepts	asking a question	role and clear list of responsibilities	student to assist
	Provide outlines and visual organizers	Ask questions student can answer	Give group members different assignments	Provide background knowledge
	Provide memory strategies	Review main points/ideas discussed	Vary criteria for success for each group member	Preteach vocabulary
	Give small segments of information			Provide short, simple, sequential directions with visual models
	Provide examples to help student understand	Modifying Sci	Watson, Ph.D. and Lynne E. Houtz, Ph.D. ence Instruction: One Strategy for Achieving S	· ·
	concepts	Journal of Sci	ence Education For Students With Disabilities.	Fall 1990